

Grace FAQ (for Grace-5.99.1)

The Grace Team

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This document contains Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) about **Grace**, a WYSIWYG 2D plotting tool for numerical data.

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1 General Questions

1.1 Where can I get Grace?

You can get the newest information about Grace and download the latest version at the *Grace home page* <<http://plasma-gate.weizmann.ac.il/Grace/>> .

You can fetch it from a mirror site as well. The list of mirror sites can be found at <<ftp://plasma-gate.weizmann.ac.il/pub/grace/MIRRORS>> .

1.2 Where can I get the most recent information about Grace?

Please refer to the *official Grace Home Page* <<http://plasma-gate.weizmann.ac.il/Grace/>> . There you can also find the latest version of this FAQ, links to the latest release and to mirror sites closer to you.

1.3 What is the difference between Xmgr and Grace?

Grace is derived from Xmgr (a.k.a. ACE/gr), originally written by Paul Turner.

From version number 4.00, the development was taken over by a team of volunteers under the coordination of Evgeny Stambulchik.

When its copyright was changed to GPL, the name was changed to Grace, which stands for “GRaphing, Advanced Computation and Exploration of data” or “Grace Revamps ACE/gr”. The first version of Grace available is named 5.0.0, while the last public version of Xmgr has the version number 4.1.2.

As of now, most of the codebase has been re-written from scratch.

Apart from the licensing, the main difference is that Grace is WYSIWYG (What You See Is What You Get). This was achieved through a major rewrite of all the mid-level drawing routines and the use of the device-independent Type 1 font rendering.

For help with changing from Xmgr to Grace see section *Xmgr to Grace migration guide* in the User’s Guide (question 2.2 (User’s Guide)).

There are currently a few features of Xmgr which are not yet implemented in Grace (of course, alongside with a lot of new stuff not found in Xmgr).

Among the Xmgr features not (yet) implemented in Grace are:

- X-Y graph flip
- Horizontal and vertical lines as symbols
- Smith plots

1.4 Why did you change the name?

When the licensing was changed to GPL, Paul wanted to keep the name for his non-public version of Xmgr, so we chose a new name.

1.5 Is Grace free?

Yes. Grace is free in terms of the GNU General Public License (GPL) (see the file `LICENSE` which comes with Grace or the *GNU Home Page* <<http://www.gnu.org>> for details).

1.6 Who wrote Grace?

The sources of Grace still contain some amount of code from Xmgr by Paul Turner. For a list of those who contributed to Grace since then, see the file `NEWS` in the Grace distribution.

Some integral parts of Grace are borrowed from other packages, namely libraries which are also available as stand-alone distributions.

2 Getting Help

2.1 Are there any books about Grace?

As of now, Grace is a purely virtual creature living in the net, i.e. there is no printed literature. All relevant docs are currently bundled with Grace. See questions 1.2 (Home Page) and 2.2 (User's Guide) for details. You can print your own copy of the FAQ and the User's Guide by converting the DVI files to PostScript output.

2.2 Is there a User's Guide available for Grace?

Yes. It is part of the Grace distribution and usually is located in `$GRACE_HOME/doc/`. There are several versions: the SGML source and HTML, LaTeX, DVI and PS derived from it. You can read the HTML version from a running Grace session by clicking on "Help/User Guide". You need a web browser to read the HTML version (see also question 7.4 (Environment Variables)). You can always download the newest version from the Grace homepage (see question 1.2 (Home Page)).

The User's Guide is not quite complete, yet.

2.3 Where do I get support for Grace?

You have the following options:

- There is a User's Guide (see question 2.2 (User's Guide)) which came with Grace on your computer. It is usually located in `$GRACE_HOME/doc/` along with other files which may contain useful help for your problem. If you downloaded the sources, there are even more files in the main directory of the source tree.
- Have a look at the Grace home page (question 1.2 (Home Page)).
- On the Grace forums (see question 2.6 (Forums) for details) you can easily get in contact with users and developers of Grace. However be aware that people here are trying to help in their spare time - so you can't always expect quick responses.

2.4 Is there a newsgroup devoted to Grace?

No, there isn't. We feel that a bulletin board (see question 2.6 (Forums)) is more appropriate to discuss the topics related to Grace.

2.5 Is there a mailing list for Grace?

There used to be a few, but now they are replaced with bulletin-board-style forums (see question 2.6 (Forums)).

The *mailing list archives* <<http://plasma-gate.weizmann.ac.il/Grace/maillists/grace/>> are still available for browsing.

2.6 Is there a forum for Grace?

Yes. Just follow this link: *forums* <<http://plasma-gate.weizmann.ac.il/Grace/phpbb/>> . It has its own FAQ.

3 Providing Help: Finding and Reporting Bugs

3.1 I think I found a bug in Grace! How do I report it?

First

Make sure that what you found really is a bug.

Second

Try to make sure that it is a bug in Grace, and that the failure is not caused by another piece of software.

Third

Make sure you are running the latest official release of Grace. The development of Grace is rather fast, so your bug might already be fixed.

Fourth

Try to find out if the bug is already known (see question 3.2 (Known Bugs)).

Fifth

OK: You *have* found a new bug. Use **w3todo** (question 3.2 (Known Bugs)) to report it. Follow the instructions on the page and try to be as precise as possible. It won't be of much help if you write "The program crashes." Try to find a simple reproducible case. Mention the version of Grace and where you got the build and the operating system you use. You should submit the system info as provided by "uname -a" (if this utility exists, of course) and the output of "xmgrace -version". Often the problem is related to some specific data set. Please try hard on reducing this to the minimum which is sufficient of reproducing the bug. If it's only a few lines of data please submit it together with the other details. Once you submit the bug report, it will be automatically relayed to the mailing list. You will usually be notified when the bug is fixed or if we need more information, so please don't forget to give your correct e-mail address.

3.2 Is there a list of known bugs?

Yes. You can search and browse the database of known bugs in Grace at the bug report facility *w3todo* <http://plasma-gate.weizmann.ac.il/Grace/phpbb/w3todo.php?project_id=1>

or using the "Help/Report an issue" menu from within Grace. The database also keeps track of the status of the bug (Confirmed, Working on, Testing, Fixed, Closed, etc.). This is also the place to submit bug reports and wishes.

Some bugs and fixes may not appear in w3todo, but are covered on the 2.6 (forums).

3.3 The bug report #xxx is marked as "Fixed" in the w3todo, but I checked the last version of Grace and the bug is still there!

The term "fixed" means the bug is fixed in the current *development* version, and the next *public* version will have the fix in it. Reports with fixes incorporated in an existing public version are marked as "Closed".

3.4 The bug report #xxx I reported is marked as "Ignored" in the w3todo and I even got no reply?!

You must have missed something very obvious. Check out how to properly submit a bug report in this document. Most probably your report was incomplete or just redundant to an existing entry. It's worth checking the log file of the bug report (the "View log" button at the bottom of the report viewing page).

3.5 I have got an idea! How do I report a wish?

You can submit wishes and suggestions just the way you would submit bug reports (see question 3.2 (Known Bugs)). Suggestions for improvement are generally very welcome. It may be possible, however, that the developers are busy or that your wish is rejected for some good reason, so it may be necessary to persuade (better convince) them to get at it.

3.6 I want to help! How can I contribute to Grace?

Fine! There are always things to do.

If you are a C programmer, you can almost certainly find something useful to do. Just ask on the forums. The same applies if you are a technical writer. The documentation will certainly need to be updated, corrected or completed. Every small contribution is appreciated!

Make Grace known to your friends and colleagues. The more users Grace has, the faster it will be improved.

3.7 How do I submit patches/contributions?

Prepare diffs against the most recent version. Use either unified (-u) or context (-c) diff format. Specify exactly against which version the diff is supposed to work. Finally send them to

<mailto:fnevgeny_at_weizmann_dot_ac_dot_il>

In case you plan to help this way more than once you should join the 2.6 (forums).

3.8 I like Grace! Should I donate anything to its authors?

No need to. But if you feel like making a donation, choose any charity organization you like. You wanted to give them some money, anyway, right? ;-)

4 Installation

4.1 How do I install Grace?

You have the choice: either you compile the sources yourself or you download precompiled binaries (we strongly suggest you take the first route). You can get both from the *Grace Home Page* <<http://plasma-gate.weizmann.ac.il/Grace/>>. Whether binaries for your platforms are available (see question 4.7 (Binaries)) depends on whether one of the developers has access to the respective platform and has had time to do it.

It is always a good idea to read the `READMEs` that accompany the downloading packages of Grace.

4.2 Can I compile Grace myself?

Yes! Actually, this is the preferred method of installation. After getting the sources (question 4.1 (Installation)) and unzipping and untaring them (use e.g. `gzip -dc grace-5.0.4.tar.gz | tar xvf -`), proceed according to the relevant section of the 2.2 (User's Guide), which covers the compilation process.

4.3 When I run 'configure', it says the XXX package is not found, whereas I am certain it was installed on my system!

There are several possible reasons:

- You have only the run-time part installed (this especially concerns GNU/Linux users). However, you should have the relevant development package (C header files etc) installed, too. E.g., for the JPEG library to be recognized by 'configure', *both* `libjpeg62` and `libjpeg62-devel` packages must be installed.
- The library and the header files don't match each other (they are from different versions). This usually happens on large Unix systems with a less than capable sysadmin...
- Either the library or the header files can't be found by the compiler. Use the `--with-extra-ldpath` and `--with-extra-incpath` configure options to provide the extra paths, respectively.

4.4 When I type './configure' I get: "configure: error M*tif has not been found"

Check whether M*tif (question 4.5 (M*tif)) is installed on your system. If it is, look at the file `config.log`: there is a line like this:

```
configure:8900: checking for a Motif >= 1002 compatible API
```

What comes directly after it? Could be a hint. Also, see the previous question.

4.5 What is Motif (LessTif)?

Throughout the Grace docs, saying "M*tif" we actually refer to the Motif *API*, defining a set of functions for building graphical user interfaces (GUI) via numerous widgets (buttons, labels, etc). Grace makes a heavy use of the M*tif API.

There are several *implementations* of the interface. The original OSF Motif (see <<http://www.opengroup.org>>) recently changed its license: on open-source platforms you may have a chance to use it for free, although it's not in general qualified as either a FreeSource or OpenSource product.

There is, however, a free replacement for Motif called LessTif (see

<<http://www.lessTif.org>>). LessTif is intended to be a 100% source compatible replacement for Motif, but is still under development. For the purposes of Grace, try using the latest version of LessTif (at least 0.92.6 and above). The LessTif people usually receive many bug reports from the Grace developers, so you might hope that a few remaining bugs in LessTif will be fixed rather quickly.

4.6 ‘configure’ stops telling it can’t find ‘ar’.

“ar” is the library archiver (the program used to create static libraries like libFoo.a). You should have it in your path. Under Solaris, for example, this can be found in /usr/ccs/bin.

4.7 Are there Grace binaries available? For which platforms?

We do not officially support binary packages. When contributed by volunteers they’re put in under the *contrib* <<ftp://plasma-gate.weizmann.ac.il/pub/grace/contrib/>> area. Again, these are NOT supported (bug reports like “I can’t install that RPM” will be silently ignored), but feel free using the Grace forums for relevant discussions.

4.8 Is there a Windows|OS/2|VMS port of Grace?

Yes, Grace runs on VMS. Just compile it there.

As for Win32 (Windows 95/98/NT/2000/XP) and OS/2, there are ports for these platforms, though they are not “native”, i.e. in order to run them, one needs an X server for the respective platform.

Both OS/2 and Win32 ports may lack some of the functionality (notably, support for “direct”/native printing; probably you will have to use the Postscript output for printing).

A port to OS/2 made by Alexander Mai can be found at <<http://www.tu-darmstadt.de/~st002279/os2/>> . It requires the XFree86 libraries and an X Server (e.g. XFree86, Hob X11, Exceed, etc.).

4.9 Compilation with gcc fails on Solaris complaining about unresolved symbols.

If you get such a message at the linkage stage, telling about .LL794 (or similar) unresolved symbols, try compiling with native cc compiler instead (./configure --with-cc=cc).

5 Runtime Problems

5.1 When I start Grace I get the message “Can’t find library libXXX.so” or similar.

For certain tasks, Grace needs external libraries which are neither provided by Grace nor the operating system. You will need to install these libraries yourself. This applies to M*tif, PDF (see question 7.19 (Output Devices)) and probably other libraries. If the message is exactly Can’t find library libXm.so (usually this happens on GNU/Linux systems ...) then you don’t have M*tif (the Xm libraries) installed (see question 4.5 (M*tif)), or the linker doesn’t know where it is. In the first case, try downloading LessTif. In the second case, you have to tell your linker where it is (may be a platform-specific task). On GNU/Linux look at the file /etc/ld.so.conf. It contains pathnames of the directories where dynamic libraries are stored. Add (as root) your directory to this file and run ldconfig -v. Now the libraries should be in the list. If you’re not root you may try to adjust the environment variable LD_LIBRARY_PATH to include the required pathname.

For some versions of Motif, the “soname” (which identifies the version of the library and is stored somewhere in the library) on your computer doesn’t match the soname of the library on the computer where your copy of Grace was compiled on. Then you should use a (semi)statically linked version or compile Grace on your computer.

5.2 I get errors like “X Error of failed request: BadValue (integer parameter out of range for operation)”

This means that Grace made an incorrect access to an X library. This is most probably not Grace’s fault. Probably a not-yet-correctly-implemented LessTif function (see question 4.5 (M*tif)) caused this behaviour. If you use LessTif, try to get the latest version (see question 4.5 (M*tif)). If this error persists, report it as a bug (question 3.1 (Bug Reports)).

5.3 Grace crashes with “Oops Got SIGSEV” (on GNU/Linux)

Detect whether you are using a version linked against LessTif. “xmgrace -version” and “ldd xmgrace” are useful commands for this purpose.

If you are using LessTif, read the according FAQ 4.5 (M*tif) else report it as a bug (3.1 (Bug Reports)).

5.4 I run Grace and get the following error messages: “Warning: translation table syntax error: Unknown keySYM name: osfPageLeft Warning: ... found while parsing ’<Key>osfPageLeft:SWLeftPage()”

Get the XKeySymDB file from the X11R6 distribution. Put it somewhere where you can access it and set the XKEYSYMDB environment variable to “/place/where/you/put/XKeySymDB”. See question 7.4 (Environment Variables) on how to set environment variables.

5.5 I run Grace on a Solaris 2.5.1 box, and when I try to open a file, I can’t read the names of the files (files section of the dialog) because Grace writes ALL the path of each file in the list and there is no horizontal scroll.

This is a known bug of Motif implementation on Solaris 2.5.1 (both Sparc and Intel hardware). Ask your vendor for a patch.

5.6 Grace can not find font database and initialize the T1 library

You have probably tried to run Grace without installing it, just after compilation. You got the following message :

```
scanFontDBase(): Font Database File not found
T1_InitLib(): Fatal error scanning Font Database File
--> Broken or incomplete installation - read the FAQ!
```

Grace uses either the GRACE_HOME environment variable or a compiled in default path to find the font database. If the variable is not set and you have not installed the database with `make install` it cannot find it. If you want to test Grace before installing it, you should set the environment variable to the distribution directory (the one where the file `configure` lies), this is what the `dotest` script does when you run `make check`. The easiest thing to do however is to install everything with `make install`. See question 7.4 (Environment Variables) on how to set environment variables.

If you get this message after installing a prebuilt package, then you have either forgotten to download the platform-independent part of the installation (named like `grace-x.y.zz.common.tar.gz`) or not set the `GRACE_HOME` environment variable, see a few lines above.

5.7 Pressing Ctrl and clicking with the left mouse button on the canvas or dialog panels make Grace crash.

This is a known bug in Motif-2.1. Most vendors have fixed it in their ports and/or have a patch ready, but not all, a notable exception being Motif libraries shipped by Red Hat for GNU/Linux for Intel hardware. Grace has a workaround for this bug. In order to enable it, add the following lines to the X resources:

```
XMgrace*XmDrawingArea.translations: #override\n\
    Ctrl <Btn1Down>: do_nothing()
XMgrace*XmRowColumn.translations: #override\n\
    Ctrl <Btn1Down>: do_nothing()
XMgrace*XmForm.translations: #override\n\
    Ctrl <Btn1Down>: do_nothing()
XMgrace*XmFrame.translations: #override\n\
    Ctrl <Btn1Down>: do_nothing()
XMgrace*XmScrolledWindow.translations: #override\n\
    Ctrl <Btn1Down>: do_nothing()
XMgrace*XmFileSelectionBox.translations: #override\n\
    Ctrl <Btn1Down>: do_nothing()
XMgrace*XmScale.translations: #override\n\
    Ctrl <Btn1Down>: do_nothing()
XMgrace*XmCommand.translations: #override\n\
    Ctrl <Btn1Down>: do_nothing()
XMgrace*XmMessageBox.translations: #override\n\
    Ctrl <Btn1Down>: do_nothing()
```

5.8 The size of the canvas is huge.

It should be exactly the size of the hardcopy (A4/US letter). If not, check your X server settings (run `'xdpyinfo'` and watch the "dimensions:" line; check the numbers with a ruler).

5.9 Extended ASCII characters do not appear and/or appear as incorrect control characters in text input fields.

Are you using OpenMotif 2.2 (see Help/About)? It's known to behave wrongly with several locale settings. Try setting the shell variable `LANG` to a safe value, e.g. `"C"`. The proper solution, though, is to either downgrade to OpenMotif 2.1.30 or use LessTif instead (see 4.5 (M*tif)).

5.10 File selection dialogs are unusable.

It happens with OpenMotif 2.2 and some locale settings. See the previous entry for a remedy.

6 Basic Concepts

6.1 What is a project?

A project is a file which contains all information necessary to restore a plot created by Grace.

6.2 Which data formats does Grace recognize?

You can read in several kinds of files where data is arranged in columns separated by spaces or tabs.

Files which are not in simple `x y` format must have a line `@TYPE xytype` before the actual data, where `xytype` stands for the set type. Refer to the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User's Guide)) for details. Alternatively, the file format can be set with a command line switch.

6.3 What is block data?

The option `Read Block Data` can be used to read in files where the values are organized in columns. You can interactively select the type of set to be created and which columns should be used. Refer to the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User's Guide)) for details.

6.4 What is the NXY data type?

Strictly speaking, it's not a data format. Rather, you may want to use the relevant command line switch to read in a block data file and automatically assign the data columns to sets of the XY type so that the first column of the block data is used as X for all the sets and the rest of the data columns are assigned to Y's. Refer to the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User's Guide)) for details.

6.5 What is the Julian date?

The Julian date, not to be confused with the Julian calendar, is a format to represent the time in a single number. Julian Date 0 is a day way in the past, namely the 1st January 4713 before Christ (don't ask me why). The following days are numbered sequentially, each day starting at noon. This numbering scheme is in wide use, especially in astronomy, and is used for the internal representation of dates in Grace.

The `convcal` utility in `$GRACE_HOME/bin/` can be used for about any to Julian date conversion.

7 Using Grace

7.1 How do I start Grace?

There are three ways to invoke Grace. The full-featured GUI-based version is called `xmgrace`. A batch-printing version is called `gracebat` (see question 7.2 (Gracebat)). A command-line interface mode is called `grace`.

All three of them are usually located in `$GRACE_HOME/bin/`.

7.2 Where is gracebat? How does batch printing work?

`gracebat` is simply a copy of Grace named `gracebat` or a symbolic link from `gracebat` to `Grace`. In the case of the symbolic link:

```
ln -s xmgrace gracebat
```

done wherever the Grace binary is located will do the trick (rehash or logout and login to make sure that `gracebat` shows up in your path). Executing `gracebat` with no command line parameters or data files will produce a hardcopy on the default printer.

7.3 How can I customize the default appearance of Grace?

There are several ways: the init files, X Resources, and environment (shell) variables. Please refer to the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User Guide)) for details.

7.4 Which environment variables does Grace use?

There are few, the most important being `GRACE_HOME`. It specifies the directory where the Grace files (fonts, docs, libs, ...) are stored. Default is `/usr/local/grace`.

You can set environment variables using (e.g.):

```
export GRACE_HOME="/usr/local/grace"
```

in bash and sh or

```
setenv GRACE_HOME "/usr/local/grace"
```

in tcsh and csh.

Please refer to the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User Guide)) for description of all relevant variables.

7.5 What command line options does Grace recognize?

Quite a few. You can display them with `xmgrace -help`.

Or check for the man page `xmgrace(1)`.

7.6 Can one change the colour selecton for the menu, locator, tool, and status bars, and all the popup menus?

As with any X application, use the `"-bg <colorname> -fg <another_colorname>"` command line flags. Or, define the relevant X resources:

```
XMgrace*foreground: ...
XMgrace*background: ...
```

7.7 What different kinds of sets can Grace plot?

The standard set is the regular (x,y) set, but there are others including error bars or descriptive strings. See the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User's Guide)) for details.

7.8 I'd like to plot data against an axis on the right (top) and another data set in a different scale against an axis on the left (bottom)

Use two overlaying graphs, one with a scale on the left(bottom), the other one on the right (top). Thus you can achieve the desired effect, but you'll need to pay close attention to which graph is the 'current' graph. This is also how to

display a second scale on the top (right) side of the graph.

7.9 How do I do polar plots?

The support for polar plots is currently being implemented, so you can expect polar plots to work soon. The polar coordinates can be selected from the "Plot/Graph Appearance" menu. Please refer to the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User Guide)) for details.

7.10 Can I use different fonts, symbols, font size, or sub/superscripts in Grace?

Yes, Grace has all these features. Wherever you can type a text in Grace, e.g. Axis labels, graph title, text from Plot->Drawing objects, etc., you can use all those features within the same text. Please refer to the User Guide (question 2.2 (User's Guide)) for details.

7.11 How do I produce special characters (Umlauts) with Grace?

If you asked this question, then you are probably familiar with the issue of keymap modifying in X. Once you configured the key mapping (with the use of `xmodmap`), you can enter the extended characters from the keyboard in any text input field. If, in addition, the appropriate for your language font encoding is anything but ISO Latin1 (used in most Western Europe countries), you'll have to tell Grace so. See the 7.12 (next question).

7.12 Can I use my own fonts and/or encodings?

Yes. Starting with version 5.0.1, you can use your own fonts, in addition to the standard 14 fonts which include Times-Roman, Helvetica, Courier, Symbols and Zapf Dingbats and come with Grace, and as a replacement for the default fonts (for the purpose of localization). As well, an alternative encoding scheme can be specified.

Please refer to the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User's Guide)) for details.

7.13 At which precision is numerical data saved? How can I set the precision?

By default, numbers are saved with eight valid digits. To set your own precision, go to the Project's properties in the Explorer tool and alter the "Data format:" field with another string (in the `printf(3)` format).

7.14 When I save a project and then re-open it, the julian date values appear to be rounded to the nearest half day.

For time plots, the default precision may be insufficient. See the previous question on how to alter it.

7.15 How do I read in project files created by Xmgr?

From Xmgr-4.1.2 on, each project file starts with a string giving the version number by which it was saved. These files should cause no problems. You can modify older files by inserting a version line at the beginning. For example, `@VERSION 40102` stands for version 4.1.2. If you have no idea what version of Xmgr your file was created with, try some. In most cases, 40102 would do the trick. Also, make sure to read the "Xmgr to Grace migration" section of the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User's Guide)).

7.16 I can't open anymore project files saved with an old version of Xmgr.

In Xmgr-4.1.0, support for the binary file format (the former default one) was dropped. You must use the `grconvert` utility supplied with the Grace distribution in order to convert the files.

7.17 When I load a project saved with an earlier version of Xmgr (<4.0), symbols of all (some) sets are drawn in black.

Make sure you added a valid `@VERSION versionid` line to the beginning of the file.

7.18 Can I import bitmap graphics into Grace?

Well, not yet. The import of images will be implemented in a future release.

7.19 Can I export Grace graphs to GIF|TIFF| PostScript|PDF etc?

PostScript (for printing), EPS (encapsulated PostScript; for the inclusion of graphics into e.g. LaTeX documents), MIF (for inclusion in FrameMaker) and SVG (Scalable Vector Graphics) are implemented by default.

Additionally, if some extra libraries are installed, listed in the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User's Guide)), the PNM (PBM/PGM/PPM), JPEG, PNG, and PDF backends will be built as well.

You can get various other formats using `netpbm` and `pstoedit`.

Bitmaps: Using the PNM device + the `netpbm` utils (available at e.g. [<ftp://ftp.x.org/contrib/utilities/>](ftp://ftp.x.org/contrib/utilities/)) one can get TIFF, GIF, G3, BMP, PCX,... (conversion can be done on the fly with appropriate filter definitions).

Notice that the direct support of the GIF format is impossible due to the copyright policy of Unisys - it's not a technical problem. In fact it was supported in earlier versions but to avoid any legal problems this feature has been removed.

One can use `pstoedit` [<http://www.pstoedit.net/>](http://www.pstoedit.net/)

to convert PS to a lot of other vector formats: MIF, CGM, xfig's, tgif's, Windoze and OS/2 metafiles,... even Java applets!

7.20 Where have all the region operations gone to?

Region operations have no meaning by themselves. Regions are restriction conditions applied to data set(s) which a transformation is performed on. For example, to kill data points in a region, use "Evaluate expression", select same source and dest set(s), leave the "formula" field empty, select your region in the "Restriction" menu, check "Negated".

7.21 How can I input data in date/time formats?

You can use several date/time formats in input data files. Make sure, however, that the time fields don't contain space separators inside, e.g. 1999-12-31-23:59:59.5

Also, you can use an external program to convert the data into the 6.5 (Julian Date) format, like the one (`convcal`) that is supplied with Grace.

7.22 How do I use more than 16 colors for objects/lines in Grace?

You may edit your `Default.xgr` file in `$GRACE_HOME/templates`. Just add lines similar to

```
<color-def id="2" rgb="#ff0000" name="red"/>
```

defining a RGB value and an according name for that color triplet.

7.23 How can I use pipes with Grace?

A named pipe is a pseudo file to which one application writes data which another one reads from it.

Applications like measurement programs can write data to a pipe and make it thus available to Grace which reads from the pipe. So Grace can serve as data displayer for otherwise non-graphical programs.

Refer to the User's Guide (question 2.2 (User's Guide)) for further information.

7.24 Printing to my old PostScript printer produces an error.

By default, the PS driver uses Level 2 features, while your printer may not be PostScript Level 2 compliant. You can force the use of PS Level 1 only features in the PostScript device setup, though output may be not exactly as expected (there will be no pattern fills, for example).

7.25 How do I make a Grace image fit on a given paper size?

Select the correct paper size in the `Device setup` popup.

You can also try the command `psresize` from the

psutils package <<http://www.knackered.org/angus/psutils/>> in order to resize a Postscript file generated by Grace.

7.26 My decimal tick labels are systematically of the form e.g. 0,5 instead of 0.5 (i.e. I get a comma instead of a dot).

You're using a localized version of OS. You have either `LANG` or `LC_NUMERIC` shell variables set, so Grace uses the locale setting to produce numeric labels. Set at least `LC_NUMERIC` to `C` or `POSIX` to disable this behaviour. Notice that there is nothing specific to Grace about locale. Either you want the localization or not. Setting by default `LANG` to anything but `C/POSIX` assumes you do.

7.27 Is it possible to use the dB (decibel) axis scale?

In "Explorer", select the relevant axis, enable logarithmic axis scaling, then go to the "Tick labels" tab of this dialog, find the "Axis transform" input field in the "Extra" frame, and enter there `"10*log10(10*$t)"` (w/o quotes, of course).

7.28 In "Data set properties", I don't see a possibility to view the more essential part of the mantissa; it's swallowed in the black triangle.

If you find some columns are too narrow to show all significant digits, you can drag the vertical rules using `Shift+Button 2`.

7.29 I am unable to find "Load & Evaluate" which I used quite a lot with Xmgr.

Use "Create new->By formula" from any set selector popup menu.

7.30 How can I specify a template other than the default one on the command line?

Template is just an empty (in the sense that there are no data sets) but otherwise a valid project file. So just put your favorite template's filename as the first argument on the command line.

7.31 How can I save my 'preferences' options?

A part of them are saved with the project; most of the rest are available via command-line options and/or X resources. A more homogeneous approach will be implemented soon.

8 Mathematics

8.1 What algorithm is used for non-linear curve fitting?

It is the Levenberg-Marquardt algorithm, based on LMDIF from MINPACK, with some modifications.

9 Miscellaneous

9.1 Can Grace plot 3D graphs?

No. Not yet, I should say. Be patient. It may take quite a while to implement it, though.

9.2 Which features are planned for the future?

Among the many features planned to be introduced in the future are contour plots, image import and manipulations, a library for 2-way communication, ... Then 3D plots would come :-)

9.3 How should Grace be acknowledged when it is used to prepare a publication?

You are not required to, but you if wish, refer to the home page link (see *Grace home page* <<http://plasma-gate.weizmann.ac.il/Grace/>>).